FORM PTO	D-1390 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF C	OMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NO. PHJ 99-025				
TRANSI	TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371		U.S. Opposition No. (#known, see 37.CFR 1.5)				
INTERNAT	FIONAL APPLICATION NO. /11695	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE NOVEMBER 21, 2000	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED NOVEMBER 21, 2000				
TITLE OF LAMP	TITLE OF INVENTION LAMP						
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US TOSHIO TAKAHASHI							
Applicant(s) herewith submit to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:							
1. [X]							
2. []	This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.						
3. [X]	This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).						
4. []	A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.						
5. [X]	A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(2)) a. [X] is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). b. [] has been transmitted by the International Bureau. c. [] is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).						
6. [X]	A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))						
7. [X]	Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)) a. [] are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). b. [] have been transmitted by the International Bureau. c. [X] have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. d. [] have not been made and will not be made.						
8. []	A translation of the amendment to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3)).						
9. [X]	An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).						
10.[]	A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).						
Items 11.	to 16. below concern document(s)	or information included:	•				
11. []	11. [] An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 C.F.R. 1.97 and 1.98.						
12. [X]	An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet is compliance with 37 C.F.R. 3.28 and 3.31 is included.						
13. []							
14. []	[] A substitute specification.						
15. [X]	A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.						
16. [X]	Other items or information: Author	rization Pursuant To 37 Cfr □1 136(A)(3) And To Cha	arge Deposit Account.				
Express Mail Mailing Label No. Date of Deposit I hereby certify that this paper and/or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 C.F.R. 1,10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D.C. 20211. G. LAMPRECHT							
G. LAMPRECHT Name Signature							

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U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 C.F.R. 1.5) NOTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/EP00/11695	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER PHJ 99-025						
17 [X] The following fees are submitted: `	CALCULATIONS (PTO USE ONLY)						
BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 C.F.R. 1.492(A)(1)-(5)):							
a 1 International preliminary-examination fee paid to USPTO (37 C.F.R. 1.482) \$690.00							
a 2 No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 C.F.R. 1.482) but international search fee paid to USPTO (37 C.F.R. 1.445(a)(2) \$710.00							
a 3 Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) nor international search fee (37 C.F.R. 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO \$1000.00							
a 4 International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 C.F.R. 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4) \$100.00							
a 5 Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO \$860.00							
ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT = \$690.00	\$						
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than [] 20 [] 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 C.F.R. 1.492(e)).	\$						
CLAIMS NUMBER FILED NUMBER EXTRA RATE							
Total Claims 2 - 20 = X \$ 18.00	\$						
Independent claims 1 - 3 = X\$ 80.00	\$						
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS (if + \$270.00 pplicable)	\$						
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =	\$						
Reductions by 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 C.F.R. 1.9, 1.27, 1.28)	\$						
SUBTOTAL =	\$						
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than [] 20 [] 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 C.F.R. 1.492(f)).	\$						
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =	\$ 690.00						
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 C.F.R. 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 C.F.R. 3.28,3.31). \$40.00 per property +	\$ 40.00						
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =	\$ 730.00						
वर्षे	Amount to be refunded \$						
	charged \$ 730.00						
a. [] A check in the amount \$ to cover the above fees is enclosed.							
Please charge my Deposit Account No. 14-1270 in the amount of \$730.00 to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.							
c. [X] The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fee, with the exception of the Base Issue Fee, which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 14-1270. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.							
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 C.F.R. 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 C.F.R. 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.							
SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:							
Corporate Patent Counsel Philips Electronics North America Corporation MICHAEL E. MARION (NAME)							
Tarrytown, NY 10591 32,266 (REGISTRATION NUMBER)							

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JC17 Rec'd PCT/PTO 26 JUL 2001

14.11.2000

Lamp

This invention relates to a lamp comprising at least one lead rod and a plurality of filaments.

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Heretofore, spotlighting at a studio and a stage or the like has been performed by combining a halogen lamp with a reflector in general. Fig. 9 is a view showing a conventional example of a halogen lamp for the studio. This halogen lamp 100 comprises a base 101 and a glass tube 102 is provided on the upper of this base 101. Two pieces of lead rod 105 fixed by two pieces of glass piece 103 and 104 are arranged on the inside of the glass tube 102. The glass piece 103 fixes the upper end of two pieces of lead rod 105 and another glass piece 104 fixes the central portion of two pieces of lead rod 105. Moreover, a plurality of filaments 106 connected to each other in series is arranged between the glass pieces 103 and 104. These plurality of filaments 106 are supported by a support 108, and both ends 106a of these plurality of filaments 106 connected each other in series are connected with windings 107 wound in the form of a coil. The windings 107 are welded in the condition of being passed through the lead rods 105, thereby electrically connects a plurality of filaments 106 with the lead rod 105. When attaching the reflecting mirror to the halogen lamp 100 having a structure shown in Fig. 9 and using this halogen lamp 10, there has been a problem that the light emitted from the filament 106 is shut off by the lead rod 105, so that lack of uniformity of luminous intensity distribution are caused.

The object of the invention is to provide a lamp capable of suppressing lack of uniformity of luminous intensity distribution.

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The present invention is characterized in that the plurality of filaments is arranged around said lead rod. When arranging a plurality of filaments around the lead rod, the light emitted from the filaments is irradiated approximately uniformly toward the surroundings of the lamp without being shut off by the lead rod, whereby lack of uniformity of luminous intensity distribution can be suppressed.

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Here, the lamp according to the invention preferably comprises a plurality of filament structure elements, each of the filament structure elements having the plurality of filament, and the lamp comprises a plurality of the lead rod, wherein one of the plurality of the lead rod connects each of the plurality of filament structure elements. Vibration resistance of a lamp can be improved by connecting each of a plurality of the filament structure elements to the one lead rod.

Embodiments according to the invention will be described below, in which Fig. 1 is a view showing a lamp of a first embodiment according to this

invention;

line A-A';

Fig. 2 is a sectional view of Fig.1, the Fig.1 being viewed from a direction of

Fig. 3 is a front elevation showing a stem;

Fig. 4 is a side elevation of the stem shown in Fig. 3, the stem being viewed from the right side;

Fig. 5 is a view showing a filament structure;

Fig. 6 is a front elevation showing a condition which two pieces of filament structure elements 13 are fixed to the stem;

Fig.7 is a side elevation of the stem, the stem being viewed from the side of the filament structure element 13 fixed to the side of the lead rod 8;

Fig. 8 is a view showing a lamp of a second embodiment according to this invention;

Fig. 9 is a view showing a conventional example of a halogen lamp for the studio.

Fig. 1 is a view showing a lamp of a first embodiment according to this invention, and Fig. 2 is a sectional view of Fig.1 being viewed from a direction of line A-A'. This lamp 1 comprises the base 2 and the glass tube 3 is provided on the upper of this base 2. The base 2 is attached to one end of the glass tube 3 and a small-diameter tube 3a is formed at a center of the other end of this glass tube 3. Moreover, a stem (refer to Fig. 3 and Fig. 4 which will be described below) constituted by parts such as three pieces of lead rod 6, 7 and 8 is provided, and furthermore, two pieces of filament structure elements 13 (refer to Fig. 5)

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are provided on the inside of the glass tube 3 as shown in Fig. 2. Each of two pieces of filament structure elements 13 has three pieces of filament 13a, 13b and 13c. Since a piece of filament structure element 13 has three pieces of filament 13a, 13b and 13c, six pieces of filament 13a, 13b and 13c in total are arranged within the glass tube 3. Therefore, this lamp 1 is the lamp having six sections of filament structure. These six pieces of filament 13a, 13b and 13c are arranged in a manner to surround three pieces of lead rod 6, 7 and 8. Moreover, in Fig.1, two filaments of three filaments provided for each of filament structure elements 13 are illustrated, and one remaining filament is not shown since the remaining filament hides behind the back of the lead rod 7 and 8.

Fig. 3 is a front view of a stem, and Fig. 4 is a side view of the stem shown in Fig. 3, the stem being viewed from the right side. The stem is constituted by two pieces of the glass pieces 4 and 5, three pieces of the lead rod 6, 7 and 8, and four pieces of support 9,10,11 and 12. Three pieces of the lead rod 6, 7 and 8 are fixed by two pieces of glass piece 4 and 5. The centered lead rod 6 of these three pieces of lead rod 6, 7 and 8 is fixed so as to project to the upper slightly than other lead rods 7 and 8. Moreover, two supports 9 and 10 are attached to the glass piece 4 and two supports 11 and 12 are attached to the other glass piece 5. The supports 9 and 11 (which are attached to the left of the glass pieces 4 and 5) of these four pieces of support 9, 10, 11 and 12 are protruded to the opposite side each other with respect to the lead rod 8 as shown in Fig. 4. Moreover, the supports 10 and 12 attached to the right of the glass pieces 4 and 5 are also protruded to the opposite side each other with respect to the lead rod 8 as shown in Fig. 4. Moreover, two pieces of the lead rod 7 and 8 of three pieces of the lead rod 6, 7 and 8 are connected with the base 2, and the remaining lead rod 6 is for connecting two pieces of filament structure element 13 are attached to the stem composed as described above.

Fig. 5 is a view showing a filament structure element. As shown in Fig. 5, the filament structure element 13 comprises three pieces of filament 13a, 13b, and 13c and two windings 13d and 13e wound in the form of a coil. Three filaments 13a, 13b and 13c are connected each other in series by connecting wires 13f and 13g. Windings 13d and 13e are connected to the filaments 13a and 13c by a connecting wire 13h. This filament structure element 13 is formed by coiling a piece of tungsten single wire such that three pieces of filament 13a, 13b and 13c and two windings 13d and 13e are formed. Two pieces of filament structure elements 13 having such structure are fixed between the glass pieces 4 and 5. One filament structure element 13 of two filament structure elements 13 is fixed to the side of the lead rod 8 with respect to the centered lead rod 6 (refer to Fig. 2), and the other filament 13 is

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fixed to the side of the lead rod 7. How to fix two pieces of filament structure elements 13 between the glass pieces 4 and 5 will be described below.

Fig. 6 is a front elevation showing a condition which two pieces of filament structure elements 13 are fixed to the stem. Fig. 7 is a side elevation of this stem, the stem being viewed from the side of the filament structure element 13 fixed to the side of the lead rod 8. In the filament structure element 13 fixed to the side of the lead rod 8, the bottom side winding 13d of the windings 13d and 13e is welded in the condition of being passed through the centered lead rod 6 of three pieces of lead rod 6, 7 and 8, and the upper side winding 13e is welded in the condition of being passed through the right side lead rod 8. Furthermore, with respect to the connecting wires 13f and 13g connecting three filaments 13a, 13b and 13c in series, the one connecting wires 13f connecting the filaments 13a and 13b is hooked to the support 10 (refer to Fig. 4) attached to the glass piece 4, and the other connecting wire 13g is hooked to the support 12 (refer to Fig. 4) attached to the glass piece 5.

As shown in Fig 7, these support 10 and 12 are protruded to the opposite side each other with respect to the lead rod 8. Therefore, when each of the connecting wires 13f and 13g connecting three filaments 13a, 13b and 13c is hooked to each of the support 10 and 12 as mentioned above, these three filaments 13a, 13b and 13c are attached in the condition that the filaments 13a and 13c are arranged on both sides of the filaments 13b. At this point of time, as shown in Fig. 2, these three filaments 13a, 13b and 13c are arranged so as to surround the lead rod 8 from a direction of 180 degree. On the one hand, in the filament structure element 13 fixed to the side of the lead rod 7, the upper side winding 13e of the windings 13d and 13e is welded in the condition of being passed through the centered lead rod 6 of three pieces of lead rod 6, 7 and 8, and the bottom side winding 13d is welded in the condition of being passed through the left side lead rod 7. Furthermore, with respect to the connecting wires 13f and 13g, the one connecting wires 13f connecting the filaments 13a and 13b is hooked to the support 9 (refer to Fig. 4) attached to the glass piece 4, and the other connecting wire 13g is hooked to the support 11 (refer to Fig. 4) attached to the glass piece 5. As shown in Fig 7, these support 9 and 11 are protruded to the opposite side each other with respect to the lead rod 6. Therefore, when each of the connecting wires 13f and 13g connecting three filaments 13a, 13b and 13c is hooked to each of the support 9 and 11 as mentioned above, these three filaments 13a, 13b and 13c are attached so as to surround the lead rod 7 from a direction of 180 degree in the condition that the filaments 13a and 13c are arranged on both sides of the filaments 13b, as shown in Fig. 2. Therefore, as shown in Fig. 2, the filaments 13a, 13b and 13c provided for each of two filament structure elements 13 are

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arranged so as to surround three pieces of lead rod from a direction of 360 degrees. Moreover, two pieces of filament structure elements 13 are connected each other in series by the lead rod 6. In the lamp constituted as described above, the filaments 13a, 13b and 13c are arranged outside the lead rod 6, 7 and 8, and no other member exists between the filaments 13a, 13b and 13c and the glass tube 3. Therefore, the light emitted from the filaments 13a, 13b and 13c is irradiated uniformly without being shut off by other members, whereby lack of uniformity of luminous intensity distribution can be suppressed. Moreover, as shown in Fig. 1, the stem provided with the filament structure element 13 is arranged in the glass tube 3 in the condition that a tip portion 6a of the lead rod 6 is inserted into the small-diameter tube 3a. In the case that the small-diameter tube 3a is formed on the glass tube 3 in advance as described above, this small-diameter tube 3a serves as a mark for positioning the tip portion 6a of the lead rod 6 when arranging the stem in the glass tube 3, whereby positioning of various parts such as the filament can be performed accurately. Moreover, two pieces of the filament structure element 13 having three pieces of filament 13a, 13b and 13c are provided in order to form the lamp of the filament structure having six sections in this embodiment, and these filament structure elements 13 are connected by the lead rod 6. As described above, when separate filament structure elements 13 are connected by the lead rod

6 to form the lamp of the filament structure having six sections, vibration resistance of a lamp

can be improved as compared with the lamp of the filament structure having six sections

constituted by providing a piece of filament structure element with six filaments.

Fig. 8 is a view showing a lamp of a second embodiment according to this invention. Moreover, In the following description of the lamp of the second embodiment shown in Fig.8, those components identical with those of the lamp of first embodiment shown in FiG. 1 are indicated by the same reference numerals, respectively, and only those points different from the lamp of the first embodiment shown in FiG. 1 will be described. The difference between the lamp in the second embodiment shown in Fig. 8 and the lamp in the first embodiment shown in Fig. 1 is that all three pieces of lead rod 6, 7 and 8 are rodlike in the lamp shown in Fig. 1, whereas a centered lead rod 61 of three pieces of lead rod 7, 8 and 61 has a form of U-shape in the lamp shown in Fig. 8. This lead rod 61 is arranged such that a bent portion 61a is inserted into the small-diameter tube 3a. As described above, this invention should not be mentioned for a form of a lead rod, and the filaments are arranged outside the lead rods, whereby the light emitted from the filaments is irradiated uniformly, and lack of uniformity of luminous intensity distribution can be suppressed. Moreover, although the lamp having six filaments has been described in the first embodiment and the

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second embodiment, the number of filament should not be limited to six pieces in this invention. With respect to lamp which needs a plurality of filaments (for example, four pieces), what the plurality of filaments are arranged around the lead rod can suppress lack of uniformity of luminous intensity distribution. Moreover, although the filaments 13a, 13b and 13c are single windings in the first embodiment and the second embodiment, these may be non-windings, or may be duplex windings.

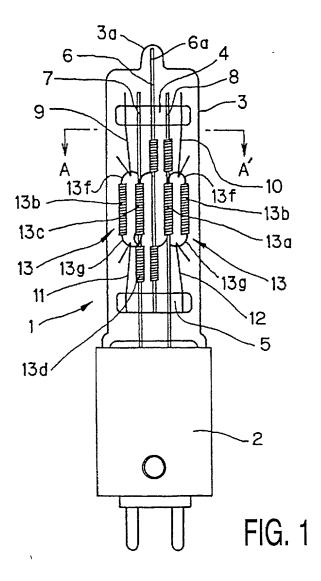
CLAIMS:

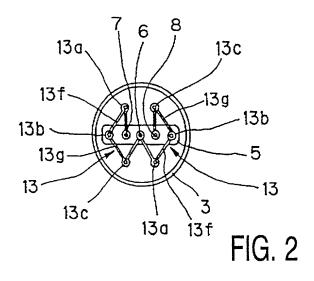
- 1. A lamp (1) comprising at least one lead rod (6, 7, 8) and a plurality of filaments (13a, 13b, 13c), wherein the plurality of filaments is arranged around the lead rod.
- 2. A lamp (1) as claimed in claim 1, wherein the lamp comprises a plurality of filament structure elements (13), each of the filament structure elements having the plurality of filament (13a, 13b, 13c), and the lamp comprises a plurality of the lead rod (6, 7, 8), one of the plurality of the lead rod connects each of the plurality of filament structure elements.

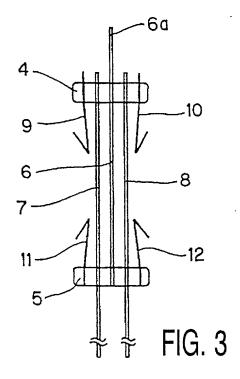
ABSTRACT:

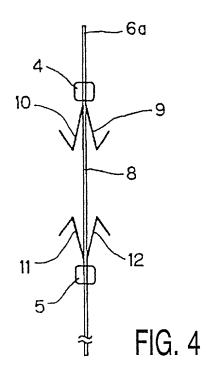
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The lamp of the invention comprises three lead rods (6, 7, 8) and two filament structure bodies (13). Each of the two filament structure bodies has three filaments (13a, 13b, 13c). In the present invention all the filaments (13a, 13b, 13c) are arranged around the outside of the three lead rods (6, 7, 8). Since light from each of the filaments (13a, 13b, 13c) reaches outside of the lamp (1) without the light travel being hindered by the three rods (6, 7, 8), the light from the filaments (13a, 13b, 13c) is uniformly radiated. By this construction of the lamp 1, uniformity of a distribution of luminous intensity can be realized.









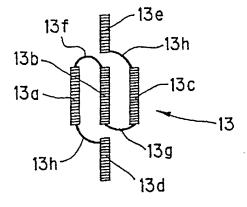
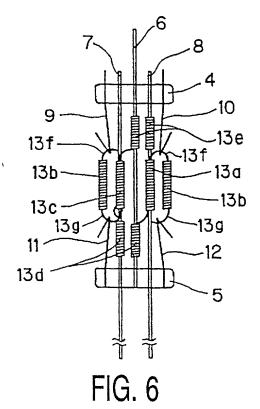


FIG. 5



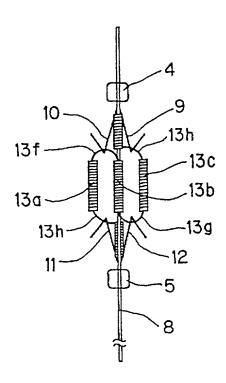


FIG. 7

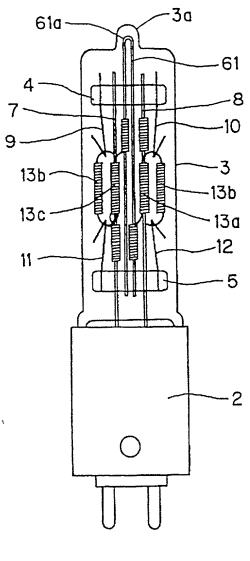
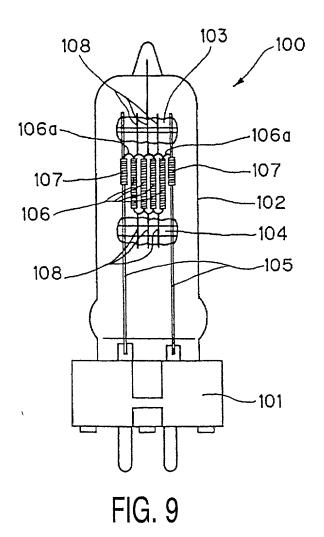


FIG. 8



COMBINED DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY (includes Reference to PCT International Applications)

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER

PHJ 99.025 US

As a below named inventor, I h	ereby declare that:					
My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name.						
believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if olural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: "Lamp" he specification of which (check only one item below):						
is attached hereto.						
was filed as United States application						
Serial No						
on -						
and was amended						
on						
Number PCT/EP00/11695						
21 November 2000						
and was amended under PCT Article 19 (if applicable). Thereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.						
I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56(a).						
I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or of any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America listed below and have identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America filed by me on the same subject matter having a filing date before that of the application(s) of which priority is claimed:						
PRIOR FOREIGN/PCT APPLIC	PRIOR FOREIGN/PCT APPLICATION(S) AND ANY PRIORITY CLAIMS UNDER 35 U.S.C. 119:					
COUNTRY	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING DAY, MONTH, YEAR	PRIORITY CLAIMED UNDER 35 USC 119			
Japan	335,571/99	26 November 1999	YES			



Combined Declaration For Patent Application and Power of Attorney (Continued) Attorneys Docket Number (includes Reference to PCT International Applications) PHJ 99.025 US POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) abnd/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. (List name and registration number) Jack E. Haken, Reg. No. 26,902 Direct Telephone Calls to: (name and telephone number) Michael E. Marion, Reg. 32,266 (914)332-0222 Edward M. Blocker, Reg. No. 30,245 FULL NAME FAMILY NAME FIRST GIVEN NAME SECONDE GIVEN NAME TAKAHASHI Toshio OF INVENTOR STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY CITY COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP 201 RESIDENCE Japan Kobunakoshi, Kahoku-cho, Japan CITIZENSHIP Monoo-gun POST OFFICE POST OFFICE ADDRESS CITY Kahoku-cho, Monoo-gun, STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY **ADDRESS** 367-2, Aza-Yamahata Kobunakoshi, , Miyagi prefecture Japan hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true: and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 if Title 18 of the United states Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon. SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 201 ashio Takahashi DATE 28 June 2001

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE- Patent and Trademarks Office (July 1994)